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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/708,916	03/31/2004	Jennifer E. Appleyard	BUR920040032US1	2915
23389	7590	05/03/2005	EXAMINER	
SCULLY SCOTT MURPHY & PRESSER, PC			SUN, XIUQIN	
400 GARDEN CITY PLAZA			ART UNIT	
SUITE 300			PAPER NUMBER	
GARDEN CITY, NY 11530			2863	

DATE MAILED: 05/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

✓ * e T.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/708,916	Applicant(s) APPLEYARD ET AL.	
	Examiner Xiuqin Sun	Art Unit 2863	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 March 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4, 6-8, 10-14, 16-18 and 20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 5, 9, 15 and 19 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 19 April 2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>03/31/04&08/15/04</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

2. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because of the following informality:

Specifically, the Abstract of the Disclosure is objected to because it contains informality legal phrases "comprises". Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

Section 0003, line 4, change "(Tdtest)is" to --(Tdtest) is -- ;

line 8, change "customer"s" to --customer's-- ; and

line 14, change "Fmaxin" to --Fmax in--.

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Section 0007, line 3, change "Fmaxin" to – Fmax in --; and

line 12, "Fmaxor" to – Fmax or--.

Section 0009, line 8, change "part"s" to – part's --.

Section 0010, line 5 and 12, change "(Tdtest)is" to –(Tdtest) is –; and
change "Fmaxat" to –Fmax at--;

line 9, change "Fmaxper" to –Fmax per--; and
change "Tdtesthas" to –Tdtest has--.

Section 0019, line 2, change "Tmaxin" to – Tmax in --; and

line 4, "Fmaxwere" to –Fmax were--.

Section 0022, line 3, change "Tmaxfor" to – Tmax for --.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

4. Claims 5, 9, 15 and 19 objected to because of the following informalities:

- 1) Claim 5, line 5, change "Tdtesis" to – Tdtes is --; and
line 6, change "Fmaxat" to – Fmax at--.
- 2) Claim 9, line 3, change "Tmaxfor" to – Tmax for--.
- 3) Claim 15, line 5, change "Tdtesis" to – Tdtes is --; and
line 6, change "Fmaxat" to – Fmax at--.
- 4) Claim 19, line 3, change "Tmaxfor" to – Tmax for--.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

6. Claims 1, 3, 4, 11, 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Matsumoto et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6515548).

In regard to claim 1:

Matsumoto et al. teach a method of testing and measuring an IC (integrated circuit) chip (see Abstract and col. 1, lines 10-18), comprising: prior to manufacturing, determining a change of a temperature sensitive parameter of the chip, that is predictable with change of temperature (Fig. 2; col. 5, lines 49-54; cols. 6-8, lines 27-47); during manufacturing, measuring the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip during testing of the chip, measuring the chip temperature during or following the measurement of the temperature sensitive parameter, determining an adjusted temperature sensitive parameter of the chip based upon the measured temperature sensitive parameter of the chip during testing, the measured chip temperature, and the determined change of the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip with temperature (cols. 8-10, lines 54-36).

In regard to claims 3 and 4:

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Matsumoto et al. also teach: determining a change of the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip that is the chip maximum operating frequency F_{max} (col. 1, lines 11-18 and cols. 2-3, lines 52-8); measuring the chip temperature with an on-chip diode (col. 5, lines 31-48).

In regard to claim 11:

Matsumoto et al. further teach: a method of testing and measuring an IC (integrated circuit) chip (see Abstract and col. 1, lines 10-18), comprising: determining a change of a temperature sensitive parameter of the chip, that is predictable with change of temperature, with temperature (Fig. 2; col. 5, lines 49-54; cols. 6-8, lines 27-47); measuring the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip during testing of the chip, measuring the chip temperature during or following the measurement of the temperature sensitive parameter, determining an adjusted temperature sensitive parameter of the chip based upon the measured temperature sensitive parameter of the chip during testing, the measured chip temperature, and the determined change of the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip with temperature (cols. 8-10, lines 54-36).

In regard to claims 13 and 14:

Matsumoto et al. further teach: determining a change of the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip that is the chip maximum operating frequency F_{max} (col. 1, lines 11-18 and cols. 2-3, lines 52-8); measuring the chip temperature with an on-chip diode (col. 5, lines 31-48).

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7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claim 2, 10, 12 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsumoto et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6515548) in view of Abercrombie (U.S. Pub. No. 20030208286).

Matsumoto et al. teach the method that includes the subject matter discussed above. Matsumoto et al. do not mention expressly that: regarding claims 2 and 12, sorting the chip into a category based upon the adjusted temperature sensitive parameter of the chip; regarding claims 10 and 20, testing the chip in production tests to classify each chip into different categories of the temperature sensitive parameter.

Abercrombie discloses a method of manufacturing integrated circuits, and teaches: sorting integrated circuit chip into a category based upon a temperature sensitive manufacturing parameter of the chip (sections 0032, 0036 and 0038); and testing the chip in production tests to classify each chip into different categories of the temperature sensitive parameter (sections 0032, 0036 and 0038).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the teaching of Abercrombie in the invention of Matsumoto et al. in order to correlate process parameter variations to individual sources of those variations and further manage the manufacturing process (Abercrombie, see

Abstract and section 0010).

9. Claim 6-8 and 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsumoto et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6515548) in view of Syed (U.S. Pub. No. 20050022081).

Matsumoto et al. teach the method that includes the subject matter discussed above. Matsumoto et al. do not mention expressly: regarding claims 6 and 16, determining a change of the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip that is the chip power consumption; regarding claims 7 and 17, determining a change of the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip that is the chip I (input)/O (output) timings; regarding claims 8 and 18, determining maximum and minimum voltage tests which measure the highest and lowest possible voltages at which a product will operate.

Syed discloses test systems for testing integrated circuit devices and to calibration associated systems and methods, and teaches: determining a change of the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip that is the chip power consumption (sections 0008, 0009 and 0012); determining a change of the temperature sensitive parameter of the chip that is the chip I (input)/O (output) timings (sections 0009, 0020 and 0160-0162); and determining maximum and minimum voltage tests which measure the highest and lowest possible voltages at which a product will operate (sections 0003, 0008 and 0020).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the teaching of Syed in the invention of Matsumoto et al. in order to test integrated circuits that are suitable for high-speed and high accuracy

timing applications and that are low cost and have small size and low power consumption relative to conventional systems (Syed, section 0012).

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 5, 9, 15 and 19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Reasons for Allowance

11. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

The primary reason for the allowance of claims 5 and 15 is the inclusion of the claimed method step of measuring the chip temperature with the on-chip diode by forcing a current through the on-chip diode, measuring the diode voltage at the start of test when the temperature during test T_{dtest} is known, and measuring the diode voltage again after the F_{max} test when the temperature T_{dtest} is unknown, and using the measurements to determine a predicted F_{max} at T_{max} , based upon which the part is sorted into speed categories. It is this limitation found in each of the claims, as it is claimed in the combination, that has not been found, taught or suggested by the prior art of record which makes these claims allowable over the prior art.

The primary reason for the allowance of claims 9 and 19 is the inclusion of the claimed method step of testing the chip in preproduction tests to provide a realistic indication of speed at T_{max} for performance modeling purposes to predict the speed of

chips and the percentages of good/operative chips sorted into speed categories. It is this limitation found in each of the claims, as it is claimed in the combination, that has not been found, taught or suggested by the prior art of record which makes these claims allowable over the prior art.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."


Contact Information


12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Xiuqin Sun whose telephone number is (571)272-2280. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30am-4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Barlow can be reached on (571)272-2269. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Xiuqin Sun
Examiner
Art Unit 2863


XS
April 29, 2005


MICHAEL NGHIEM
PRIMARY EXAMINER